



Employer Public Report

Contents

Public Reports

Workplace Overview

Action on Gender Equality

Flexible Work

Employee Support for Parents and Carers

Harm Prevention

Submitted By:

Bentley Systems Pty. Limited 59061925335



Public Reports

WGEA publishes the Public Report, except personal information in whole, or part on the Data Explorer and uses its contents in whole or part for other purposes in electronic or other formats.

Two documents make up your Public Report and can be generated and downloaded after preparing your submission for lodgement:

- Public Report Questionnaire
- Public Report Employee Data Tables

The Public Report must be:

- Given to your CEO or equivalent for review, approval and sign off before lodgement.
- Shared in accordance with the Notification and Access requirements under the Workplace Gender Equality Act 2012 (the Act).

Report contacts will be asked to declare in the Portal that all relevant CEO or equivalents have signed the public report.

Detailed information on the requirements to share the public report with your employees, members or shareholders can be found within the online Reporting Guide on **Notification and Access requirements**.

Gender Equality Standards

If there is a single entity employing 500 or more employees, they must have a policy or strategy in place against each of the six Gender Equality Indicators. More information can be found within the online reporting guide on <u>Gender Equality Standards</u>.



Workplace Overview

Policies & Strategies

Employer policies or strategies on workplace gender equality and the composition of the workforce can be powerful levers for making progress and change. Policies or strategies are most effective when backed up by evidence-informed action plans to address areas of imbalance and inequality. Similarly, targets are achievable, time-framed goals that create mechanisms for accountability and are effective when combined with dedicated actions to help achieve them.

o you have formal policies and/or formal strategies in place that support gender lity in the workplace?			
⁄es			
1.1a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following			
Recruitment; Retention; Performance management processes; Promotions; Succession planning; Training and development; Talent identification/identification of high potentials			
o you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on diversity and inclusion in yonisation?			
<i>(</i>			
1.2a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following			
Gender identity; Disability and/or accessibility; Age			
oes your organisation have any targets to address gender equality in your place?			
· ·			



Workplace Overview

Governing Bodies

Gender balance on governing bodies or Boards is good for business. It contributes to workplace gender equality outcomes and improved company performance more broadly. Measures to support gender balance in the governing body include analysing the gender representation of chairs and other members, considering gender in the selection of Board members, and taking action to drive change through term limits, gender equality targets and policies.

racinary your organica	tion/s' governing body	or bodies.	
Drganisation: Bentley Systems Pty. Limited			
A. To your knowledge, is t group for this year's Gend		-	submission
No			
B. What is the name of you	ur governing body?		
Board of Directors			
C. What type of governing	body does this organ	isation have?	
Board of Directors	,		
D. How many members ar	e in the governing boo	ly and who holds the pred	ominant Cha
	-		ominant Cha
D. How many members ar position?	e in the governing boo	ly and who holds the pred Male (M)	ominant Cha
position?	Female (F)	Male (M)	ominant Cha
Chair Members (excluding chairs) E. Do you have formal poli	Female (F) 0 1 cies and/or formal str	Male (M) 1 6 ategies in place to suppo	
Chair Members (excluding chairs) E. Do you have formal poligender equality in this org	Female (F) 0 1 cies and/or formal str	Male (M) 1 6 ategies in place to suppo	
position? Chair	Female (F) 0 1 cies and/or formal str	Male (M) 1 6 ategies in place to suppo	
Chair Members (excluding chairs) E. Do you have formal politication of the company of the compa	Female (F) 0 1 cies and/or formal stransation's governing	Male (M) 1 6 ategies in place to suppo	rt and achiev
Chair Members (excluding chairs) E. Do you have formal poligender equality in this org Yes Selected value: Strategy E.1 Do the formal policy	Female (F) 0 1 cies and/or formal stransation's governing	Male (M) 1 6 ategies in place to support body?	rt and achiev



Members?

G. Has a target been set or	the representation	of women on this governing body?
No		
Selected value: Othe	r	
Other value: Board o	f Directors are Electe	d by Shareholders
H. Do you have a formal po organisation's governing b		trategy on diversity and inclusion for this
No		
Organisation: Bentley Syste	ems Pty. Limited	
A. To your knowledge, is the group for this year's Gendo		so reported in a different submission ?
No		
B. What is the name of you	r governing body?	
Board of Directors		
C. What type of governing	body does this orgar	nisation have?
Board of Directors		
board of Directors		
board of Directors		
	e in the governing bo	dy and who holds the predominant Chair
D. How many members are	e in the governing bo	dy and who holds the predominant Chair
D. How many members are		·



gender equality in this organisation's governing body?

E. Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies in place to support and achieve

Selecte	ed value: Strategy
I	E.1 Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of following?
Č	Selection process for governing body members
F. Does Membe	s this organisation's governing body have limits on the terms of its Chair and/ or ers?
No	
G. Has	a target been set on the representation of women on this governing body?
No	
;	Selected value: Other
(Other value: Board of Directors are elected by Shareholders
	you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on diversity and inclusion for this sation's governing body?
	sation's governing body:
No	
1.6 If y	our organisation would like to provide additional information relating to



Action on Gender Equality

Gender Pay Gaps

The gender pay gap is the difference in average or median earnings between women and men. It is a measure of how we value the contribution of women and men in the workforce. The gender pay gap is not to be confused with women and men being paid the same for the same, or comparable, job – this is equal pay. Equal pay for equal work is a legal requirement in Australia. However, illegal instances of unequal pay can still be one of the many drivers of the gender pay gap. Closing the gender pay gap is important for Australia's economic future and reflects our aspiration to be an equal and fair society for all.

2.1 Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies on equal remuneration (pay equity and the gender pay gap) between women and men?

Yes

Policy; Strategy

2.1a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?

To achieve gender pay equity; To ensure no gender bias occurs at any point in the remuneration review process (for example at commencement, at annual salary reviews, out-of-cycle pay reviews, and performance reviews); To implement and/or maintain a transparent and rigorous performance assessment process

2.2 Have you conducted analysis to determine if there are remuneration gaps between women and men?

Yes

2.2a What type of gender remuneration gap analysis has been undertaken?

Like-for-like pay gaps analysis which compares the same or similar roles of equal or comparable value to identify unequal pay

2.2b When was the most recent gender remuneration gap analysis undertaken?

Within the last 12 months

2.2c Did you take any actions as a result of your gender remuneration gap analysis?

Yes

Corrected instances of unequal pay; Implemented other changes (provide details):

Provide details: At each annual salary review cycle, gender pay comparison is



undertaken and adjustments made where needed. Each time an employee changes role, gender pay comparison is actioned.

You may also provide more detail below on the gender remuneration gap analysis that was undertaken.

2.3 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to employer action on pay equity and/or gender remuneration gaps in your workplace, please do so below.



Action on Gender Equality

Employee Consultation

Engaging employees through consultation on gender equality issues helps employers to understand the employee experience and to take meaningful action. Employers can use the information they learn through the consultation process to generate solutions that are practical and relevant to their organisation.

2.4 Have you consulted with employees on issues concerning gender equality in your workplace during the reporting period?

No

Other

Other Details: The listed topics are continually reviewed, analysed & amended as needed by HR in relation to legal requirements, market norms and practices. Additionally the annual Engagement Survey is analysed by gender.

2.5 Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies in place to ensure employees are consulted and have input on issues concerning gender equality in the workplace?

No

2.8 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to employee consultation on gender Equality in your workplace, please do so below.



Flexible Work

Flexible Working Arrangements

A flexible working arrangement is an agreement between an employer and an employee to change the standard working arrangement, often through a change to the hours, pattern or location of work. Flexible work is a key enabler of gender equality, helps accommodate an employee's commitments out of work and has become increasingly important for employers in attracting and retaining diverse and talented employees.

3.1 Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on flexible working arrangements?

Yes

Policy; Strategy

3.1a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?

A business case for flexibility has been established and endorsed at the leadership level; Leaders are visible role models of flexible working; Flexible working is promoted throughout the organisation; Training on flexible working and remote/hybrid teams is provided to managers; Training on flexible working and remote/hybrid teams is available to all employees; The organisation's approach to flexibility is integrated into client conversations; The impact of flexibility is measured and evaluated (e.g. reduced absenteeism, increased employee engagement); Flexible work offerings are available to all employees, with a default approval bias (all roles flex approach); All team meetings are offered online

3.2 Do you offer any of the following flexible working options to MANAGERS and/or NON MANAGERS in your workplace?

Flexible working option	MANAGERS	NON-MANAGERS
Flexible hours of work (start	Yes	Yes
and finish times)		
Compressed working weeks	No	No
Time-in-lieu	No	No
Hybrid working (regular days worked from home and in office)	Yes	Yes
Working fully remote (no regular days worked in office)	Yes	Yes
Reduced hours or part-time work	Yes	Yes
Job sharing arrangements	No	No
Purchased leave	No	No
Unpaid leave	Yes	Yes
Flexible scheduling, rostering or switching of shifts	No	No

3.3 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to flexible working and gender equality in your workplace, please do so below.



Employee Support for Parents and Carers

Paid Parental Leave

Parental leave policies are designed to support and protect working parents around the time of childbirth or adoption of a child and when children are young. Some employers offer universally available parental leave policies, offering equal parental leave for all parents, others offer with a distinction between 'primary' and 'secondary' carers. It's important that it's a policy that's available to all parents, irrespective of gender, 11recognising the equally important role of all parents in caregiving. Gender equal policies help to de-gender the ideal worker and carer norms, which pervade the workplace and reduce opportunities for women to remain in, or re-enter the workforce.

4.1 Do you provide employer-funded paid parental leave in addition to any government-funded parental leave scheme?

Yes, we offer employer funded parental leave using the primary/secondary carer distinction

Primary: Yes	employer-funded paid parental leave for: Secondary: Yes
4.1a Please inc available to:	dicate whether your employer-funded paid parental leave is
Primary: All, re	gardless of gender
Secondary: All,	regardless of gender
4.1b Please incovers:	dicate whether your employer-funded paid primary carers leave
Primary: Birth;	Adoption; Surrogacy
Secondary: Bir	th; Adoption; Surrogacy
4.1c How do ye	ou pay employer-funded paid parental leave?
Primary : Paying parental leaves	g the gap between the employee's salary and the government's paid scheme
Secondary: Pay	ring the employee's full salary



eligible employees?
Primary:
Lowest entitlement: 8
Highest entitlement:
Secondary:
Lowest entitlement: 2
Highest entitlement:
4.1e Who has access to this type of employer-funded paid parental leave?
Primary Dermanant ampleyees
Primary: Permanent employees
Secondary: Permanent employees
4.1f Do you require carers to work for the organisation for a certain amount of time (a qualifying period) before they can access employer-funded paid parental leave?
Primary: Yes a qualifying period is required
How long is the qualifying period (in months)?
Is the qualifying period the same as the probation period for new employees? No
Secondary: Yes a qualifying period is required
How long is the qualifying period (in months)? 12
Is the qualifying period the same as the probation period for new employees? No
4.1g Do you require carers to take employer-funded paid parental leave within a certain time after the birth, adoption, surrogacy and/or stillbirth?
Primary: Anytime within 6 months
Secondary: Anytime within 6 months



4.1h Does your organisation have an opt out approach to parental leave? (Employees who do not wish to take their full parental leave entitlement must discuss this with their manager)
Primary: No
Secondary: No

4.2 Do you pay superannuation contributions to your employees while they are on parental leave?

Yes, on employer funded primary carer's leave or equally shared parental leave (if applicable); Yes, on employer funded secondary carer's leave (if applicable)

4.3 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to paid parental leave and gender equality in your workplace, please do so below.



Employee Support for Parents and Carers

Support for Carers

Employers can contribute to workplace gender equality by providing support for employees with caring responsibilities. A carer refers to, but is not limited to, an employee's role as the parent (biological, step, adoptive or foster) or guardian of a child, or carer of a child, parent, spouse or domestic partner, close relative, or other dependent. Employer support for employees with caring responsibilities allows them to better accommodate their out-of-work responsibilities.

4.4 Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies to support employees with family or caring responsibilities?

Yes

Policy; Strategy

4.4a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?

Gender inclusive language when referring to carers; Paid Parental leave; Flexible working arrangements and adjustments to work hours and/or location to support family or caring responsibilities

4.5 Do you offer any of the following support mechanisms for employees with family or caring responsibilities?

Support mechanism	Answer
Breastfeeding facilities	Yes
Information packs for those with family and/or caring responsibilities	No
Referral services to support employees with family and/ or caring responsibilities	No
Coaching for employees returning to work from parental leave and/or extended carers leave and/or career breaks	No
Internal support networks for parents and/or carers	No
Targeted communication mechanisms (e.g. intranet forums)	No
Return to work bonus (only select if this bonus is not the balance of paid parental leave)	No



Support mechanism	Answer
Breastfeeding facilities	Yes
Support for employees with securing care (including school holiday care) by securing priority places at local care centres (could include for childcare, eldercare and/or adult day centres)	No
Referral services for care facilities (could include for childcare, eldercare and/or adult day centres)	No
On-site childcare	No
Employer subsidised childcare	No
Parenting workshop	No
Keep-in-touch programs for carers on extended leave and/or parental leave	Yes
Access to counselling and external support for carers (e.g. EAP)	Yes



4.6 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to support for carers in your workplace, please do so below.



Harm Prevention

Sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination

Workplace sexual harassment and sex discrimination is a gender equality issue that predominantly impacts women. To increase women's workforce participation and well-being, it is essential employers take action to prioritise and protect all employees from sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination and ensure that every employee feels safe in the workplace.

5.1 Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies on the prevention of and appropriate response to sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination?

Yes

Policy; Strategy

5.1a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?

A grievance process; Definitions and examples of sexual harassment, harassment on the grounds of sex and discrimination and consequences of engaging in this behaviour; The legal responsibilities of the employer to eliminate, so far as possible, sexual harassment and how it is demonstrated in the organisation; Leadership accountabilities and responsibilities for prevention and response to sexual harassment; Disclosure options (internal and external) and process to investigate and manage any sexual harassment; Expected standard of behaviour is clearly outlined and included in recruitment and performance management processes; Guidelines for human resources or other designated responding staff on confidentiality and privacy; Protection from adverse action based on disclosure of sexual harassment and discrimination; A system for monitoring outcomes of sexual harassment and discrimination disclosure, including employment outcomes for those impacted by sexual harassment and the respondent; Manager and nonmanager training on respectful workplace conduct and sexual harassment; Other

Provide Details: Other, please specify: Whistleblower hotline reports are provided to the audit committee of the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis.

5.1b If Yes, have the policies and/or strategies been reviewed and approved in the reporting period by the Governing Body and CEO (or equivalent)?

	Answer
By the Governing Body	Yes
By the CEO (or equivalent)	Yes

5.2 Do you provide training on the prevention of sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination to the following groups?

Yes



				year
All managers	Yes	No	Yes	No
All non-managers	Yes	No	Yes	No
The Governing Body	No		No	No

5.2a Does the training program delivered to the above groups include any of the following?

The respectful workplace conduct and behaviours expected of workers and leaders; Different forms of inappropriate workplace behaviour (e.g. sexual harassment, harassment on the grounds of sex and discrimination) and its impact; The drivers and contributing factors of sexual harassment; Bystander training; Options for reporting occurrences of sexual harassment as well as the risk of sexual harassment occurring

5.3 Does the governing body and CEO or equivalent explicitly communicate their
expectations on safety, respectful and inclusive workplace conduct? If yes, when?

Mem	hers	of th	e aov	ernin/	g body
VICITI	DCIS	01 111	c go	CHILL	goody

Yes

;Annually

Chief Executive Officer or equivalent

Yes

;Ahead of big events (e.g. functions, conferences) or at internal launches (e.g. at the launch of a new strategy)

5.4 Do you have a risk management process in place to prevent and respond to sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination?

Yes

5.4a Does your risk management process include any of the following?

Other



5.4b What actions/responses have been put in place as part of your workplace sexual harassment risk management process?

Train people managers in prevention of sexual harassment; Train staff on mitigation and control measures

5.5 What supports are available to support employees involved in and affected by sexual harassment?

Confidential external counselling (E.g. EAP); Information provided to all employees on external support services available; Reasonable adjustments to work conditions; Other (Please specify)

Provide Details: Support offered would be on an individualised / as needed basis; subject to external expert advice.

5.6 What options does your organisation have for workers who wish to disclose or raise concerns about incidents relating to sexual harassment or similar misconduct?

Process for disclosure to human resources or other designated responding staff; Process for disclosure to confidential/ethics hotline or similar; Process to disclose anonymously

5.7 Does your organisation collect data on sexual harassment in your workplace, if yes, what do you collect?

Yes

Outcomes of investigations

5.8 Does your organisation report on sexual harassment to the governing body and management (CEO, KMP) and how frequently?

Governing body

Yes

As required

CEO or equivalent

Yes

As required

Key Management Personnel

Yes

As required



5.8a Do your reports on sexual harassment to governing body and CEO include any of the following?

Outcome of reports of sexual harassment

5.9 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to measures to prevent and respond to sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination, please do so below.



Harm Prevention

Family or Domestic Violence

5.10 Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy to support employees who are experiencing family or domestic violence?

No

5.11 Do you have the following support mechanisms in place to support employees who are experiencing family or domestic violence?

Type of support (select all that apply)	
Protection from any adverse action or discrimination based on the disclosure of domestic violence	Yes
Confidentiality of matters disclosed	Yes
Training of key personnel	No
Flexible working arrangements	Yes
Workplace safety planning	no
Employee assistance program (including access to psychologist, chaplain or counsellor)	Yes
Referral of employees to appropriate domestic violence support services for expert advice	Yes
Provision of financial support (e.g. advance bonus payment or advanced pay)	No
A domestic violence clause is in an enterprise agreement or workplace agreement	No
Access to medical services (e.g. doctor or nurse)	No
Offer change of office location	Yes
Emergency accommodation assistance	No

Other

Case by case support as advised to HR / Managers. We provide support as per the need, plus provide paid F&DV leave, EAP support, and external support if appropriate.

5.12 Do you have the following types of leave in place to support employees who are experiencing family or domestic violence?

Access to paid domestic violence leave?

Yes

Is it unlimited?

No

Do you offer paid family and domestic violence leave by negotiation or as needed?

Yes

How many days of paid domestic violence leave?



10

Access to unpaid domestic violence leave?

Yes

Is it unlimited?

Yes

5.13 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to family and domestic violence affecting your employees, please do so below.

